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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
9	CENTRAL DISTR	ICT OF CALIFORNIA	
10		) O N ON	CAE
11		Case No. CV	-GAF
12	Plaintiff(s),	ORDER REGARDI SETTLEMENT CO	NFERENCE
13	v.	BEFORE THIS CO	URT
14		}	
15 16	Defendant(s).	}	
17	PLEASE READ THI	S ORDER CAREFULLY	
18	The Court has agreed to conduct the settlement conference in this matter. To		
19	facilitate the settlement conference, the Court hereby orders as follows:		
20	1. Settlement Conference Date. [The parties should contact the Clerk of the		
21	Court to arrange a mutually agreeable date for the settlement conference to take		
22	place.] OR		
23	[The Court hereby schedules t	this case for a Scheduling	Conference at
24			
25	2. Confidentiality. Pursuant to Loc	al Rule 16-15.8, all settleme	ent proceedings
26	shall be confidential and no statement made therein shall be admissible in any		
27	proceeding in the case, unless the parti	es otherwise agree. No part	of a settlement
28	proceeding shall be reported or otherwise recorded without the consent of the		

parties.

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3. Consultation with Clients Before Settlement Conference. In order to provide the parties with a starting point for their settlement discussions with the Court, plaintiff(s) shall advise defendant(s) of the terms upon which plaintiff(s) then is prepared to settle the case, in a letter delivered or faxed no later than seven (7) court days prior to the settlement conference. Within forty-eight (48) hours of receipt of plaintiff(s)'s settlement offer, defendant(s) shall respond to the same by letter delivered or faxed advising plaintiff(s) of the terms upon which they are prepared to settle the case.

## 5. Settlement Conference Statements.

## (A) Statements That Are Exchanged.

No later than three (3) court days prior to the settlement conference, the parties shall deliver settlement conference statements in compliance with Local Rule 16-15.8 directly to the Court's chambers and shall fax or personally deliver the statement to opposing counsel. The statement shall include (1) a brief statement of the facts of the case, including claims and defenses remaining to be tried and the party's position on each issue; (2) an itemized statement of the damages claimed in non-conclusionary form; and (3) a summary of the history of past settlement discussions and offers and demands, including the most recent settlement offers exchanged pursuant to this Order. The statements shall also disclose the parties' positions about non-monetary terms that they may seek (or oppose), including (but not necessarily limited to): the form and scope of releases --e.g., general and/or specific; waiver of California Civil Code § 1542; releases of and/or covenants not to sue third parties who either are not participants in the settlement conference or may not even be parties in the lawsuit, but whose could affect the negotiating parties' ability to indemnifications against claims of other parties; whether there should be a

confidentiality provision (strongly disfavored by the Court); whether there should be recitals of non-admission of fault or liability; whether each settling party is to pay his, her of its own costs and attorneys' fees; and any other provision which is likely to be the subject of negotiation. The statement shall be brief and to the point and shall not exceed 10 pages, double-spaced. Unless absolutely essential to inform the Court of key considerations, please do not attach exhibits or transcript excepts; the purpose of the statement is to enable the Court to become familiar with the issues, not to try the case.

## (B) Confidential Statement

Each party shall also prepare a Confidential Addendum to the Settlement Conference Statement, which shall also be delivered to chambers but *shall not be served upon the other parties*. The Confidential Addendum shall contain a forthright evaluation of the party's likelihood of prevailing on its claims and/or defenses; the party's evaluation of the terms on which the case could *fairly* be settled; the approximate amount of fees and costs expended to date; an estimate of the fees and costs to be expended for future discovery, pretrial and trial; and any additional information the party wishes to impart to the judge confidentially.

## (C) Exceptions

Sometimes the foregoing requirements maybe unnecessary --e.g., if there is only one relatively narrow or discrete issue that divides the parties, after they have reached agreement on all, or virtually all, other material terms. In such case, the parties' settlement conference statements and addenda should focus on the "sticking point" issue and provide the Court the background or context necessary to help break the impasse.

Failure to timely deliver a Settlement Conference Statement and Confidential Addendum will likely result in sanctions being imposed.

6. Persons to be Present at Settlement Conference. All persons whose consent

is necessary to conclude settlement shall be present personally. This means the individual with the authority to say "yes," not just "no." As an exception, out-of-district parties, or agents empowered to settle may be available by telephone, provided they are absolutely committed to remaining available at the telephone (regardless of the hour) until released by the Court and further provided that a written request for their participation by telephone is submitted to <u>and approved by</u> the Court in advance of the conference.

Counsel appearing without their clients and/or the person or persons whose presence is required to achieve settlement (such as insurance representatives) will cause the settlement conference to be canceled and rescheduled, *regardless of whether counsel purportedly has been given settlement authority*. (This will not result if the Court granted prior authorization for the client to participate telephonically.) The noncomplying party, attorney, or both, may be assessed the costs and expenses incurred by other parties as a result of such cancellation and rescheduling.

If a settlement proposal must be presented to a board or committee, the attendance of at least one sitting and knowledgeable member of the Board (preferably the Chairperson) is *absolutely required*, unless the entity commits absolutely to the discretionary authority of another representative.

In lawsuits involving the United States or any of its agencies, the Assistant United States Attorney in charge of the case must appear with the full measure of settlement authority provided by his or her superiors within the United States Attorney's Office.

In cases involving insurance, a representative with *unrestricted* settlement authority must appear on behalf of the insurance company or, if out of the district, must be available by telephone.

7. Conduct of Settlement Conference. The Court may, in its discretion,

converse with the lawyers, the parties, the insurance representatives, or any one of them outside of the hearing of the others. The comments of the Court during such separate sessions are not to be used by counsel in settlement negotiations with opposing counsel. This is a necessary requirement in order to avoid intentional or unintentional misquotation of the Court's comments. Violation of this policy may mislead the adverse party and therefore hinder settlement.

At the commencement of the settlement conference, each party through counsel may be required to make an oral presentation (not to exceed 10 minutes) of the relevant facts *and* law, in the presence of all parties and counsel.

If settlement between any or all parties is reached as a result of the Settlement Conference, the Court will enter the settlement terms on the record at the end of the conference and the parties will be expected to assent to those terms, at which point the settlement will be final and binding.

All papers submitted for the Settlement Conference will either be returned to the parties or destroyed by the Court after the settlement proceedings are concluded, unless the parties otherwise agree.

The Court thanks the parties and their counsel for their anticipated cooperation in carrying out these requirements.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED:

GARY ALLEN FEESS United States District Court Judge